

LIVELY FIGHT IS PROMISED IN HOUSE Over The Frankfort Normal School Bill.

OPPONENTS THREATEN TO CUR-
TAIL CAPITOL APPROPRIA-
TION IF PUSHED.

DOG LAW IS AMENDED.

Frankfort is to have a normal school on the same footing with the other normal schools which have been established, if the bill which passed the Senate this week can get through the House. The bill provides for the use of the present Capitol buildings and establishes a law department which is to be an adjunct to Kentucky University. The present Capitol and the grounds are dedicated to the normal school, and \$10,000 a year set aside to maintain the school. Twenty-five thousand dollars is appropriated for the repair of the present buildings so that they can be put in good condition before the school is opened.

Frankfort would be greatly benefited by the establishment of the normal school here, and it would mean a large increase in the floating population, with a corresponding increase in the amount of money which is distributed to the merchants of the city. The State would have to spend only \$10,000 a year to maintain the school, and there would be not less than a thousand teachers in attendance during the school session every year. It would also insure that the historic old state house should be maintained in its present shape and always stand as a memorial to Kentucky's past history. So many things have happened in that old building that have gone to make history that the people of the whole State are interested in having it remain as it is.

Dr. E. E. Hume, Mayor of Frankfort, has been untiring in his efforts to have the normal school established here, and has been working with the members of the Legislature to get through the bill which establishes the school here. He has succeeded now in getting the bill through the Senate and believes that he will have no trouble passing the bill in the House. The people of Frankfort and the Business Men's Club have also been at work and the result of their labors is apparent in the way the bill went through the Senate.

Kentucky has two normal schools, one at Richmond and the other at Bowling Green, and the State has appropriated \$300,000 for these two schools. If another school is established it would mean that Kentucky would take the lead in educational matters, and would stand on the side of education of the school teachers and through them the school children of the State.

Enemies of the measure are saying that if this bill is pushed too vigorously they will vote to curtail the Capitol appropriation bill, but this is not disturbing the friends of the bill, and they are determined to make a hard fight for it in the House. They say that the Capitol appropriation bill is in no danger, and that it is only a bluff. A lively fight is promised in the House.

DOG LAW CAUSES STIR.

Party Lines are Drawn in Fight Over Much-Discussed Measure.

After two afternoons of hot debate, during which "Windy Bill" Thompson shone and made the star speech, the much abused and much discussed dog tax law was amended by the House on Wednesday so that each property owner in the State shall be entitled to one dog, without the payment of any tax, and only 50 cents shall be paid on each dog, over four months of age. The dog law took up all of one afternoon, and, strange to say, party lines were drawn in the fight, the Republicans being for the repeal of the present law, while most of the Democrats voted either for the pres-

ent law was finally promised. The dog law was amended by the House on Wednesday afternoon the 1st, and the substitute was voted down leaving the original bill, repealing the present law, and were successful as they kept things going until hour of adjournment arrived.

On Wednesday afternoon the 1st was resumed and by reconsideration every motion which had prevailed the day before, the slate was wiped clean and everything left just as it had been when the fight first opened on the day before. The whole thing was threshed out again and finally it was put to a vote. The substitute, offered by the committee, was finally passed by a large majority. The dog law will be effective. The Governor bills which were introduced at various times, the first bill introduced being one to repeal the dog tax law. This was offered by Senator G. A. Taylor. It is believed that the Senate will concur in the substitute which the House passed and that the new dog law will be effective. The Governor has recommended a change and probably would sign such a bill as has been passed by the House. The Senate is rather inclined to be in favor of the present dog law but would accept the substitute.

MISS LILLARD

CHOSEN CARNIVAL QUEEN

CHARMING DAUGHTER OF BOYLE
COUNTY'S REPRESENTATIVE
NAMED BY COLLEGE BOYS.

Miss Mayme Lillard, the popular and attractive daughter of Col. E. W. Lillard, Boyle county's Representative in the State Legislature, was selected by the Athletic Association of Central University at Danville as queen of the coming May carnival. The carnival is the great event in the whole year's calendar in society and to be chosen queen is, according to the views of the younger set, the greatest honor that can be accorded one of their number.

The vote was unanimous for Miss Lillard, which attests her popularity. Only the varsity men are eligible to vote in this contest and it is even counted an honor to have a vote in this contest. Miss Lillard is a tall and strikingly handsome brunette and is admirably endowed with every requisite to fill such a station. She has visited in Frankfort and in quite a number of Central Kentucky towns and is both widely and favorably known in social circles in all this section of the State.

Each year a carnival is held on the campus by the students, ending with an open athletic meet in which all may compete. To the winner of the largest number of points in the meet is given the title of "King of the Carnival," who is presented to the "Queen" upon the last night of the carnival, which is the crowning social event of the year.

The King may win his title only by athletic prowess, but the Queen is chosen by vote of the "C" men, or those who have won the right to wear their college "C" by the accomplishment of some noteworthy achievement in athletics.

FALSE ALARM.

An alarm of fire from box No. 12, located at Second and Bridge streets, at half-past nine o'clock last night, called the fire department to the residence of Mr. Lee Buckley on Second street and Taylor Avenue, which upon their arrival they found to be a false alarm.

Mr. Salem Kennedy who for several years past has been connected with the local office of the Ford and Johnson co. leaves Monday morning for Chicago, where he has been transferred to the general offices of the company.

SL. MATTER

Appropriations already made by the Senate running over \$1,000,000 and with both houses creating new offices, the present General Assembly has been described by Representative Porter, as being without parallel for "office creating and salary increasing." In the Senate bills carrying large appropriations go through without any delay and the curious situation exists of the House being the conservative body. The House refuses to pass bills which the Senate accepts without question. An instance of this was the big appropriation bill, as it is called, the bill allowing half a million dollars to State College and the two normal schools. The House took three days to pass this bill and many speeches were made on it, but the Senate took the bill at one swallow and put it through in a hurry. The Senate has passed the capitol appropriation bills but the House has not taken action on them yet, although it is believed that they will pass in the House without any trouble.

The present week has been a busy one with the Legislators and they have been passing bills at a great rate, but in the main they are bills of local interest or of small importance. The small bills were sent out first by the Rules committee in order to clear the decks for action on the more important measures and it was expected that the bills would go through in a hurry and without much debate. This expectation was not realized in the House where there has been a scrap over nearly every bill proposed. The House has objected to the bills and the members have been expressing themselves rather freely on the subject. They have refused to pass several bills which it was thought would go through in a hurry and have wrangled over others that it was thought could be disposed of in a few minutes.

For instance, on Tuesday the House spent an hour and a half wrangling over a bill prohibiting the sale of horses and mules known as "bulls or chokers." This bill was amended until the author of the bill, Duncan Millikin, hardly recognized it as his own. Many of the members made speeches and it was as hard a fight as though it was the county unit bill. Then the next bill up, to change the statutes regarding shooting at random on the public highway, also caused a long wrangle and took up more than an hour, when it should have been disposed of in ten minutes, the only purpose being to define shooting on the public highway so that a conviction could be obtained whether or not the person shooting was firing at random or at some object.

By a unanimous vote, the Senate this week passed the new Board of Control of Charitable Institutions bill, providing for four members to be appointed by the Governor. The bill provides that the present members of the board shall not be removed but shall serve out their terms and the Governor shall appoint one Republican as an additional member of the board. Stanley Milward, of Lexington, is tipped for the place, and may get it as he has strong backing. The Republican and Democratic Senators all voted for the bill and it is believed that it will meet the same reception in the House.

The Senate also passed a bill, offered by Dr. O. P. Hogan, allowing inmates of the Confederate Home at Pewee Valley, or veterans who are eligible to admission to the home, to stay in their own homes and receive the \$175 per capita which is allowed by the State for those who are inmates of the home. This will allow aged Confederate veterans to remain with their families and friends and yet draw the small pension which is allowed. The bill is favored by the

The 29th. It may be that this phop- et- on- n't know anything more about it than you do.

BANQUET

IN HONOR OF GOV. BECKHAM

TELLS WHY HE WAS DEFEATED
FOR UNITED STATES
SENATOR.

In the presence of four hundred people, who packed the dining room of the Capital Hotel until it could hold no more, former Governor Beckham Thursday night reviewed the recent contest for the United States Senatorship, and made public for the first time his views of his defeat.

At times during his address the applause lasted for several minutes. He wound up his address by the declaration that, while always ready to serve his party whenever possible, he would never again ask the people of Kentucky for office.

The banquet was given by the Young Men's Democratic Club of Franklin county in honor of Gov. Beckham and the Democratic members of the General Assembly who supported him during the recent senatorial race.

The club gathered at its rooms, on St. Clair street, shortly after 8 o'clock Thursday night, and with about 100 members, headed by the Second Regiment Band, marched to Mr. Beckham's home. Yelling and applauding, they greeted him in front of his house, and he was surrounded by a crowd of his friends as he entered the carriage in which he led the procession to the hotel.

At the Capital Hotel everything was in readiness. The dining room had been handsomely decorated in flags and bunting and presented an attractive appearance. The tables were arranged in four long rows, the full length of the big room, with the speakers' table near the door. This was covered with flowers and a large vase of flowers occupied the center. On the rear wall was a large picture of Mr. Beckham in a circle of electric lights. Streamers hung from the ceiling over the tables, and National flags were everywhere.

At each plate was a menu card with a good picture of Mr. Beckham on the front. The card stated that the banquet was given in honor of Mr. Beckham and the loyal members of the General Assembly. With the band playing "My Old Kentucky Home," the grand march into the dining-room was ushered in at 9 o'clock. Mr. Beckham and Mr. W. C. Marshall, the president of the club, walked in front. Following them were the members of the Legislature and the special guests. Then came the members of the club. Covers were laid for about 400, and an elegant and very substantial supper was served. This occupied nearly two hours, the band furnishing music most of the time.

The speeches began immediately after the banquet. A large number of ladies, wives of the members, were allowed to go into the dining-room and listen to the speeches, and fully a hundred, all handsomely gowned, took advantage of the opportunity to hear the eloquence which was poured forth. The big room was packed to overflowing, the ladies having only standing room on the outskirts of the banquet tables. By the express request of the ladies, no man was allowed to give up his seat, or the women would have been the ones around the tables. The speeches lasted until after 1 o'clock, Mr. Beckham making the closing ad-

this was to be the feature of the evening, the crowd waited and a larger audience than any speakers.

The banquet had been served by the club, Mr. W. C. Marshall, president of the club, introduced the toast "Our Next President," and he would never feel that when he stood before a gathering of friends, pure and undefiled, the pleasure of introducing Judge M. J. Burnam was the best toast that could be given to the country.

Judge James M. Burnam, who was invited to preside, that he would not say anything, but he did not say anything. He did compliment the young men of the club on their loyalty and on the success of the banquet. He said he never saw one that was more perfect in every way. He said Mr. Beckham was not eliminated and that this occasion was not his funeral, but rather the opening up of a career that would lead to greater and better things than had yet come to him. This was greeted with applause and the crowd yelled for half a minute.

He introduced Judge Matt O'Doherty, of Louisville, who responded to the toast "Our Next President." He pointed to Bryan as the "man of destiny, who will lead the Democratic party to well earned victory." A telegram was read from Bryan expressing keen regret at his inability to be present.

Judge Clay's Toast. Judge William Rogers Clay, of Lexington, followed, responding to the toast "The Public Servant." Representative Harry Schobert, of Woodford county, spoke on "My Old Kentucky Home." Judge J. M. Benton, of Winchester, followed with the toast "Keep It Sweet," making an address for party harmony and principles, which was loudly applauded.

Representative W. H. Shanks, of Lincoln, responded to "The House," and Senator Frank Rives, of Christian, to "The Senate." Representative George S. Wilson responded to the toast "Party Honor." Governor Beckham's address was the closing one of the evening, and he said in part:

It is a great compliment to me to be thus entertained and honored by the Young Men's Democratic Club of Franklin county, and it is impossible to fully express my appreciation of it. For many years I have been a constant resident here, and these young men are like my home people to me.

The greatest honor a man can have is the respect and confidence of the people among whom he has lived. Day after day they see him; they meet him in his home, upon the streets, in his office; if he has faults they find them out, and if he has virtues they usually know them.

For over eight years I have been with the people of our Capital city and county, and it gratifies me beyond measure to know that they respect and cherish me in an hour that may seem to some as a time of political gloom. Their friendship and love are far dearer to me than any office within the gift of the people. They have seen me in times of chaotic strife and political turmoil, when even my life was unsafe upon the streets of the city, and now that it is all over and my public service is at an end, I can see in their kindly glances and feel from their warm hearts that they still trust me. It is honor enough for me, and I would not exchange it for a senatorship or for any high office in the land.

With deep gratitude, therefore, I thank those young Democrats and the citizens here for their bountiful manifestation of their regard and esteem. "And to you members of the General Assembly, who have supported me so loyally as the party nominee for Senator in the recent contest, I am equally grateful and I am sure that your constituents heartily endorse your course."

Victory is not always the true test of an honest and righteous cause. Success may have its pleasures, but failure may have its honor. Democracy may not have triumphed this time, but its principles are right and in the end shall prevail. Surrounded upon this occasion by those gallant friends who faltered not when the fight was hottest and who yielded only when overcome by superior numbers, I wish to speak words of cheer and not of despondency.

Although a defeated candidate I am not a disappointed nor an unhappy man. I made the cleanest and best fight I could, but it was against over-inspired with the hope of victory.

From a Democratic primary, held

M'CHORD BILL

DEFEATED IN SENATE

Burnam's Substitute Adopted in its Stead.

WAS MOST TALKED-OF BILL THAT
HAS BEEN INTRODUCED DURING
THE PRESENT SESSION.

THE MILITARY BILL DEAD

At a session of the Senate, which lasted until nearly four o'clock yesterday afternoon, during which time several strong speeches were made on both sides of the question, the McChord tobacco bill, putting the tobacco companies under the police power of the State, was defeated. In its stead the Senate passed the Burnam anti-trust bill, offered by Judge A. R. Burnam, of Madison county, and this bill will go to the House tomorrow for its first reading. It may be passed, although it is understood that the tobacco growers' representatives, who are here, say that they do not want the substitute.

The McChord bill has been the most discussed measure which was pending in the Legislature at this session, and among the farmers of the State it was regarded as the most important law which was proposed.

The bill was offered by Representative W. C. McChord, of Springfield, and met with strong opposition from the first. The tobacco growers of Western Kentucky were not especially interested in the bill and did not care whether it was passed or not, but the Burley growers were very anxious to have it become a law. They have had a strong lobby here for some time, and during the past few days some twenty or thirty members of the district board of the Burley Tobacco Society have been in Frankfort, working to get the McChord bill passed. The bill passed the House several weeks ago after long delay, and much debate. At that time the Senatorial race was on, and it is claimed the bill was used by the Beckham men to block business in the House and prevent the contest cases from being reported.

In the Senate today the Rules Committee called for the bill, which had been given its second reading, and was ready for passage. The supporters of the bill, for some reason, were not ready to have the bill come to a vote today, and wanted a postponement of its consideration, but the Senate decided that the bill should be taken up at once. The first move was made by Senator Jack Chinn, who led the fight for the tobacco men. He moved that the Senate go into committee of the whole to hear Mr. McChord explain his bill. Mr. McChord went before the Senate in committee, and explained his bill, as he had done in the House. He urged that if the bill was not passed there would be a continuation of the lawlessness in Kentucky.

Senator Burnam offered as a substitute for the McChord bill his anti-trust bill, and explained it at some length. The bill which he had drawn is very drastic, and under its provisions, as Senator Burnam explained, if a trust is formed and violates the law it can be fined a sum which would make even Judge Landis' celebrated fine of the Standard Oil Co. seem small. He also explained that the bill would not repeal the law allowing the tobacco growers of the State to pool their crops, and it was brought out that the Judges of the Court of Appeals had been sounded on the subject and would uphold the proposed law.

Senator Chinn spoke in favor of the McChord bill, urging that something must be done to help the farmers and tobacco growers of the State. He said he was in favor of Senator Burnam's anti-trust bill, but believed it and the McChord bill both should pass, and not that the McChord bill should be killed. Senator Donaldson

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